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## SECTION 1) CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND SUPPLIER'S IDENTIFICATION

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**Product ID:** 503094, 503095  
**Product Name:** Dyed Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel (ULSD), Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel (ULSD)  
**Revision Date:** Feb 14, 2018 **Date Printed:** Feb 14, 2018  
**Version:** 1.0 **Supersedes Date:** N.A.  
**Manufacturer's Name:** Cross Oil Refining & Marketing, Inc.  
**Address:** 484 E. 6th Street Smackover, AR, US, 71762  
**Emergency Phone:** CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300  
**Information Phone Number:** 870-864-7500  
**Fax:**  
**Product/Recommended Uses:** Fuel

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## SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

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### Classification

Acute aquatic toxicity - Category 3  
Aspiration Hazard - Category 1  
Carcinogenicity - Category 2  
Eye Irritation - Category 2A  
Flammable Liquids - Category 4  
Skin Irritation - Category 3  
Specific Target Organ Toxicity -Single Exposure (Narcotic Effects) - Category 3

### Pictograms



### Signal Word

Danger

### Hazardous Statements - Physical

H227 - Combustible Liquid

### Hazardous Statements - Health

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways  
H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.  
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation  
H316 - Causes mild skin irritation  
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

### Hazardous Statements - Environmental

H402 - Harmful to aquatic life

### Precautionary Statements - General

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.  
P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P103 - Read label before use.

### Precautionary Statements - Prevention

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

### Precautionary Statements - Response

P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide to extinguish.

P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

### Precautionary Statements - Storage

P405 - Store locked up.

P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.

P403 + P405 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up.

### Precautionary Statements - Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to disposal recycling center. Under RCRA it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws.

### Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)

None.

Acute toxicity of less than one percent of the mixture is unknown

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## SECTION 3) COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

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CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight
0068476-34-6	DIESEL FUELS	85% - 100%
0027247-96-7	ETHYLHEXYL NITRATE	Trace
0064742-95-6	AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9	Trace
0000095-63-6	1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	Trace
0000108-67-8	MESITYLENE	Trace
0000526-73-8	1,2,3-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	Trace
0001330-20-7	XYLENE	Trace
0000098-82-8	CUMENE	Trace

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.

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## SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES

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**Inhalation**

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

**Skin Contact**

Rinse/wash with lukewarm, gently flowing water and mild soap for 5 minutes or until product is removed. If skin irritation occurs or you feel unwell: Get medical advice/attention.

**Eye Contact**

Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for a duration of 15-20 minutes. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

**Ingestion**

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell or if concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

If more than several mouthfuls have been swallowed, give two glasses of water (16 Oz.). Get medical attention.

**Notes**

High velocity injection of grease under the skin may result in serious injury. If left untreated, the affected area is subject to infection, disfigurement, lack of blood circulation and may require amputation. When dispensed by high-pressure equipment, this material can easily penetrate the skin and leave a bloodless puncture wound. Material injected into a finger can be deposited into the palm of the hand and in rare occasions up to the elbow. Within 24 to 48 hours the patient may experience swelling, discoloration, and throbbing pain in the affected area. Immediate treatment by a surgical specialist is recommended.

**Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute and Delayed**

No data available

**Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed**

No data available

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**SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

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**Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide, water spray or fog is recommended. Water spray is recommended to cool or protect exposed materials or structures. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam. Water or foam may cause frothing. If leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to cool the containers and to provide protection for personnel attempting to stop the leak.

**Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

Do not use water in a jet.

**Specific Hazards in Case of Fire**

Hazardous combustion products may include: Toxic levels of carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, irritating aldehydes and ketones.

**Fire-fighting Procedures**

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray or fog may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel.

**Special Protective Actions**

Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

WARNING: Product can burn in a fire.

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**SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

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**Emergency Procedure**

Immediately turn off or isolate any source of ignition. Keep unnecessary people away; isolate hazard area and deny entry. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Clean up immediately. Contain spill. Wipe up or add suitable absorbent, non-combustible, inert material such as sand, sawdust, etc. to spill area and shovel into appropriate container for disposal. Local authorities should be advised immediately if required or if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Ventilate area.

### **Recommended equipment**

Positive pressure, full-facepiece self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA), or positive pressure supplied air respirator with escape SCBA (NIOSH approved).

### **Personal Precautions**

Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid contact with skin, eye or clothing. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

Will not produce vapors unless heated to temperatures of ~300 °F.

### **Environmental Precautions**

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

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## **SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE**

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### **General**

Wash hands after use.

Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing.

Do not breathe fumes/vapors.

Use good personal hygiene practices.

Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

### **Ventilation Requirements**

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source.

### **Storage Room Requirements**

Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight, strong oxidizers and any incompatibilities. Store in approved containers and protect against physical damage. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage. Empty containers retain residue and may be dangerous.

Minimum feasible handling temperature should be maintained. Periods of exposure to high temperature should be minimized. Water contamination should be avoided.

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## **SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

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### **Eye protection**

Wear eye protection with side shields or goggles. Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids. If additional protection is needed for entire face, use in combination with a face shield.

### **Skin protection**

Laundry soiled clothes or properly disposed of contaminated material, which cannot be decontaminated.

Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Use of an apron and over-boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber is recommended to avoid skin sensitization. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

### **Respiratory protection**

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for combined particulate/organic gases and vapours.

Supplied air respiratory protection should be used for cleaning large spills or upon entry into tanks, vessels, or other confined spaces.

### **Appropriate Engineering Controls**

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of gas, vapors or dusts below their respective threshold limit value.

Chemical Name	OSHA TWA (ppm)	OSHA TWA (mg/m3)	OSHA STEL (ppm)	OSHA STEL (mg/m3)	OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3)	OSHA Carcinogen	OSHA Skin designation	NIOSH TWA (ppm)	NIOSH TWA (mg/m3)	NIOSH STEL (ppm)	NIOSH STEL (mg/m3)	NIOSH Carcinogen
1,2,3-TRIMETHYLBENZENE								25	125			
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE								25	125			
AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9	500	2000			1							
CUMENE	50	245			1		1	50	245			
DIESEL FUELS												
MESITYLENE								25	125			
XYLENE	100	435			1			100	435	150	655	

Chemical Name	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	ACGIH TWA (mg/m3)	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH STEL (mg/m3)	ACGIH Carcinogen	ACGIH Notations	ACGIH TLV Basis
1,2,3-TRIMETHYLBENZENE							
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE							
AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9							
CUMENE	50	246					Eye, skin, & URT irr; CNS impair
DIESEL FUELS		100 (IFV)			A3	Skin: A3	Dermatitis
MESITYLENE							
XYLENE	100	434	150	651	A4	A4; BEI	URT & eye irr; CNS impair

(C) - Ceiling limit, (IFV) - Inhalable fraction and vapor, A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans, A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen, BEI - Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices, CNS - Central nervous system, impair - Impairment, irr - Irritation, URT - Upper respiratory tract

## SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### Physical and Chemical Properties

Density @15.6 °C 7.26 lb/gal  
 Specific Gravity @15.6 °C 0.87

Appearance Yellow to red liquid  
 Odor Threshold N.A.  
 Odor Description Hydrocarbon  
 pH N.A.  
 Water Solubility N.A.  
 Flammability Flash point at or above 100°F/38°C and less than 200°F/93°C  
 Flash Point Symbol N.A.  
 Flash Point 150 - 180° F

Viscosity	1.7 - 3.0 cSt @ 40°C
Lower Explosion Level	0.7%
Upper Explosion Level	5%
Vapor Pressure	N.A.
Vapor Density	N.A.
Pour Point	N.A.
Melting Point	N.A.
Low Boiling Point	375 °F
High Boiling Point	500 °F
Auto Ignition Temp	N.A.
Decomposition Pt	N.A.
Evaporation Rate	N.A.
Partition Coefficient: n-Octanol/Water	N.A.

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## SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

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### Stability

Stable

### Conditions to Avoid

Avoid heat, flame, and contact with strong oxidizing agents.

### Hazardous Polymerization

Will not occur.

### Incompatible Materials

Reacts violently with strong oxidizers.

### Hazardous Decomposition Products

Evolves toxic levels of carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, irritating aldehydes and ketones when heated to combustion.

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## SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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### Likely route of exposure

Inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption

### Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation.

Causes mild skin irritation

### Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Irritating, but will not permanently injure eye tissue.

Causes serious eye irritation

### Respiratory/Skin Sensitization

No Data Available

### Germ Cell Mutagenicity

No Data Available

### Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

### Reproductive Toxicity

No Data Available

### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

No Data Available

### Aspiration Hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

### Acute Toxicity

No Data Available

### Chronic Exposure

0000098-82-8 CUMENE

TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Cumene has been Classified as POSSIBLE for humans.

0001330-20-7 XYLENE

High exposure to Xylenes in some animal studies have been reported to cause health effects on the developing embryo/fetus.

Xylene in high concentrations has caused embryotoxic effects in laboratory animals.

### Potential Health Effects - Miscellaneous

0001330-20-7 XYLENE

Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: bone marrow, cardiovascular system, central nervous system, kidneys, liver, lungs. Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury. High exposures may produce irregular heart beats. Canada classifies Xylene as a developmental toxin as high exposures to xylenes in some animal studies have been reported to cause health effects on the developing fetus/embryo. These effects were often at levels toxic to the adult animal. The significance of these effects to humans is not known. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause any of the following: irritation, dryness, cracking of the skin.

0064742-95-6 AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9

The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: skin disorders. Laboratory studies with rats have shown that petroleum distillates can cause kidney damage and kidney or liver tumors. These effects were not seen in similar studies with guinea pigs, dogs, or monkeys. Several studies evaluating petroleum workers have not shown a significant increase of kidney damage or an increase in kidney or liver tumors.

0000095-63-6 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE

LC50 (rat): 18 g/m3 (4-hour exposure) (1)

LD50 (oral, rat): 5 g/kg (1)

0001330-20-7 XYLENE

LC50 (rat): 6350 ppm (4-hour exposure) (unspecified isomers and ethylbenzene) (1) LC50 (rat): 6700 ppm (4-hour exposure) (65% m-xylene, 7.6% o-xylene, 7.8% p-xylene, 19.3% ethylbenzene) (2) ethylbenzene) (1)

LC50 (rat): 6700 ppm (4-hour exposure) (65% m-xylene, 7.6% o-xylene, 7.8% p-xylene, 19.3% ethylbenzene) (2)

LD50 (oral, rat): 5400 mg/kg (52% m-, 19% o-, 24% p-) (1) LD50 (oral, female mouse): 5251 mg/kg (60.2% m-, 9.1% o-, 14.6% p-, 17.0% ethylbenzene) (4)

LD50 (oral, male mouse): 5627 mg/kg (60.2% m-, 9.1% o-, 14.6% p-, 17.0% ethylbenzene) (4)

LD50 (dermal, rabbit): 12180 mg/kg (m-xylene); greater than 1700 mg/kg (mixed xylenes - undefined composition) (3)

LD50 (oral, female mouse): 5251 mg/kg (60.2% m-, 9.1% o-, 14.6% p-, 17.0% ethylbenzene) (4)

LD50 (oral, male mouse): 5627 mg/kg (60.2% m-, 9.1% o-, 14.6% p-, 17.0% ethylbenzene) (4)

LD50 (dermal, rabbit): 12180 mg/kg (m-xylene); greater than 1700 mg/kg (mixed xylenes - undefined composition) (3)

0000098-82-8 CUMENE

LC50 (inhalation, mouse): 10 mg/L; (2000 ppm); 7-hr exposure (1,3)

LC50 (inhalation, rat): 39 mg/L (8000 ppm); 4-hr exposure (1,3,6)

LD50 (oral, rat): Reported as 1.4 g/kg and 2.26 g/kg (1,3,4)

LD50 (skin, rabbit): 10627 mg/kg (4)

0000108-67-8 MESITYLENE

LC50 (rat): 24 g/m3 (4-hour exposure) (2)

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## SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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### Toxicity

This product is not toxic to fish but may coat gill structures resulting in suffocation if spilled in shallow, running water. Product may be moderately toxic to amphibians by preventing dermal respiration.

This product may cause gastrointestinal distress in birds and mammals through ingestion.

If applied to leaves, this product may kill grasses and small plants by interfering with transpiration and respiration.

Harmful to aquatic life

**Persistence and Degradability**

Is rapidly biodegradable. Biodegradation is possible with 100 to 120 days in aerobic environments at temperatures above 70 °F (21 °C).

**Bio-accumulative Potential**

No Data Available.

**Mobility in Soil**

No Data Available.

**Other Adverse Effects**

No Data Available.

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**SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

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**Waste Disposal**

Under RCRA it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws.

Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. Return drums to reclamation centers for proper cleaning and reuse.

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**SECTION 14) TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

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**U.S. DOT Information**

UN number: NA1993

Proper shipping name: Diesel Fuel

Hazard class: Combustible liquid

Packaging group: III

Hazardous substance (RQ): No Data Available

Toxic-Inhalation Hazard: No Data Available

Marine Pollutant: No Data Available

Note / Special Provision: No Data Available

**IMDG Information**

UN number: UN1202

Proper shipping name: Combustible liquid, n.o.s. (DIESEL FUEL)

Hazard class: Combustible liquid

Packaging group: III

Marine Pollutant: No Data Available

Note / Special Provision: No Data Available

**IATA Information**

UN number: UN1202

Hazard class: Combustible liquid

Packaging group: III

Proper shipping name: Combustible liquid, n.o.s. (DIESEL FUEL)

Note / Special Provision: No Data Available



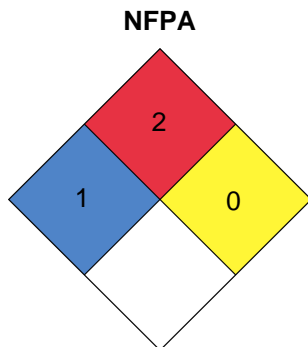
## SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	Regulation List
0068476-34-6	DIESEL FUELS	85% - 100%	SARA312,TSCA,TX_ESL
0027247-96-7	ETHYLHEXYL NITRATE	Trace	SARA312,TSCA,TX_ESL
0064742-95-6	AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9	Trace	SARA312,TSCA,TX_ESL
0000095-63-6	1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	Trace	SARA312,TSCA,TX_ESL
0000108-67-8	MESITYLENE	Trace	SARA312,TSCA,TX_ESL
0000526-73-8	1,2,3-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	Trace	SARA312,TSCA,TX_ESL
0001330-20-7	XYLENE	Trace	CERCLA,HAPS,SARA312,TSCA,RCRA,TX_ESL
0000098-82-8	CUMENE	Trace	CERCLA,HAPS,SARA312,TSCA,RCRA,TX_ESL,CA_Prop65 - California Proposition 65

## SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION INCLUDING INFORMATION ON PREPARATION AND REVISION OF THE SDS

### Glossary

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDG- Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)- HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL- Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL- Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA- Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.



### Version 1.0:

Revision Date: Jan 29, 2018

First Edition.

## **DISCLAIMER**

This SDS is prepared to comply with the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) as prescribed by the United States (US) Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

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